Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Unit 1: Geog. of GA: Study Guide**

***(Use your notes and the first two chapters in the book to help you answer the questions.)***

***I. Where in the World is Georgia?***

1. ***Southeast/South*** Region of the United States.
2. ***United States of America*** Nation that Georgia is a part of
3. ***North America*** Continent that the state of Georgia is located in
4. ***Northern*** Two Hemispheres that Georgia is located in

***Western***

***II. Georgia’s Regions and Features***

1. ***Piedmont*** Region with the largest population (contains metro Atlanta)
2. ***Appalachian Plateau*** Smallest Geographic region (land area)
3. ***Coastal Plain*** Largest Geographic region (land area)
4. ***Blue Ridge*** Region that receives the most rainfall (80 inches per year)
5. ***Valley and Ridge*** Textile and carpet industries in GA are based in this region.

10. Name the region that can be defined by each of the following:

***Piedmont***

a. Rich red (clay) soil\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Blue Ridge***

b. Highest and largest mountains\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Coastal Plain***

c. Largest in land size\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Blue Ridge***

d. Most precipitation\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Ridge and Valley***

e. Between two mountainous areas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Piedmont***

f. Contains the state capital\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Appalachian Plateau***

g. Contains Lookout Mountain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Coastal Plain***

h. Best weather & soil for agriculture\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Piedmont***

i. Contains most of the state’s population\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Coastal Plain***

j. Contains the world’s largest inland swamp\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Piedmont & Coastal Plains***

k. Two regions which are separated by the fall line\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Coastal Plains***

l. Contains the Flint, Ocmulgee, Oconee, & Chattahoochee Rivers\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Label the 5 Regions of Georgia:***

***Appalachian Plateau***

***Blue Ridge***

12.

11.



***Coastal Plain***

***Piedmont***

***Ridge and Valley***

15.

14.

13.

***Label the 6 major Physical Features in Georgia:***

16.

***Appalachian Mountains***



***Okefenokee Swamp***

***Barrier Islands***

***Chattahoochee River***

***Savannah River***

***Fall Line***

21.

20.

19.

18.

17.

***III. More Regions and Features…***

***Okefenokee Swamp***

22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Largest freshwater wetland (swamp) in Georgia; contains more

 than 400 species of animals

***Savannah River***

23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ River that is the natural boundary between GA and S. Carolina

***Drinking Water***

24. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ List 3 primary functions of the Savannah/Chattahoochee rivers

***Hydroelectric Power***

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***Travel/Transportation***

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

25. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ St. Simons and Tybee are examples of which physical feature

***Barrier Islands***

***Brasstown Bald***

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tallest peak in Georgia (part of the Appalachian Mtns.)

***Label the major rivers in Georgia….***

 

***Altamaha River***

***Chattahoochee River***

***Savannah River***

28.

29.

27.

30. Define geography: **The science of studying the earth and its people.**

31. List the states that border Georgia: **(AL,SC,NC,TN,FL)**

32. What is Georgia’s absolute location? **30 to 35 degrees N latitude, 80-85 degrees W longitude**

33. Define relative location: **Where a place is compared to other places (N,S,E,W)**

34. What physical features located at the fall line that produce power? **It has waterfalls**

35. Define barrier islands: **Protect GA’s mainland by blocking much of the wind & water that could cause erosion.**

36. Define climate, (what type of climate does GA have?) **Climate is the average weather over a period of time.** **Georgia’s climate usually consists of hot, humid summers and mild winters.**

37. How does Hartsfield-Jackson Airport boost Georgia’s economy? **By being the state’s largest employer and thus provides a continued boost to the state’s economy by bringing more visitors into the state.**

38. What type of industry has seen growth in employment because of Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport and the Interstate Highway system? **Tourism**

39. Why are Georgia’s deepwater ports important to our economy? **They open the state for trade with the world.**

40. How do Georgia’s transportation systems provide jobs for our citizens? **They provide many jobs for Georgians by allowing goods & people to move throughout the state.**

Be able to label the following on a map:

1. Atlanta
2. Macon
3. Dalton
4. Augusta
5. Columbus
6. Savanah, Chattahoochee, & Altamaha Rivers